MEMORIAL CITY REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY (AKA TIRZ 17 REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY)

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

JUNE 30, 2019

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Memorial City Redevelopment Authority City of Houston, Texas

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Memorial City Redevelopment Authority (the "Authority"), a component unit of the City of Houston, Texas, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Board of Directors Memorial City Redevelopment Authority

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Authority as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – All Governmental Funds be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements. The supplementary information required by the City of Houston, Texas and other supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The supplementary information, excluding that portion marked "Unaudited" on which we express no opinion or provide any assurance, has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

M'Call Dikon Swedland Bonfort PLIC

McCall Gibson Swedlund Barfoot PLLC Certified Public Accountants Houston, Texas

September 24, 2019

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Management's discussion and analysis of Memorial City Redevelopment Authority's, aka TIRZ 17 Redevelopment Authority (the "Authority") financial performance provides an overview of the Authority's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Please read it in conjunction with the Authority's financial statements, which begin on page 8.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- In the Statement of Net Position, the Authority's liabilities exceeded its assets by \$9,213,321 (net position) for the year ended June 30, 2019.
- The Authority anticipates that with continued development in the area, the Tax Increment Revenues will be sufficient to cover operating costs, project costs and debt service of the Authority.
- The Authority's governmental funds reported a total ending fund balance of \$12,546,978 this year. This compares to the prior year fund balance of \$31,109,489, showing a decrease of \$18,562,511 during the current fiscal year.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The basic financial statements include: (1) combined fund financial statements and government-wide financial statements and (2) notes to the financial statements. The combined fund financial statements and government-wide financial statements combine both: (1) the Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and (2) the Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances. This report also includes other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Authority's annual report includes two financial statements combining the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. The government-wide portion of these statements provides both long-term and short-term information about the Authority's overall status. Financial reporting at this level uses a perspective similar to that found in the private sector with its basis in full accrual accounting and elimination or reclassification of internal activities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

The first of the government-wide statements is the Statement of Net Position. This information is found in the Statement of Net Position column on page 8. The Statement of Net Position is the Authority-wide statement of its financial position presenting information that includes all of the Authority's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the residual reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Authority as a whole is improving or deteriorating. Evaluation of the overall financial health of the Authority would extend to other non-financial factors.

The government-wide portion of the Statement of Activities on page 10 reports how the Authority's net position changed during the current fiscal year. All current year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The combined statements also include fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Authority has two governmental funds types. The General Fund is the operating fund of the Authority and the Debt Service Fund is used to account for the payment of interest and principal on the Authority's long-term debt.

Governmental funds are reported in each of the financial statements. The focus in the fund statements provides a distinctive view of the Authority's governmental funds. These statements report short-term fiscal accountability focusing on the use of spendable resources and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. They are useful in evaluating annual financing requirements of the Authority and the commitment of spendable resources for the near-term.

Since the government-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. The adjustments columns, the Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position and the Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities explain the differences between the two presentations and assist in understanding the differences between these two perspectives.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 13 through 26 in this report.

OTHER INFORMATION

In addition to the financial statements and the accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information ("RSI"). A budgetary comparison schedule is included as RSI for all governmental funds and can be found on page 28.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the Authority's financial position. In the case of the Authority, liabilities exceeded assets by \$9,213,321 as of June 30, 2019.

The following table provides a summary of the changes in the Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2019, and June 30, 2018:

	Summary of Changes in the Statement of Net Position					Position
	2019			2018		riance Positive (Negative)
ASSETS:						
Current and Other Assets	\$	30,232,158	\$	34,358,529	\$	(4,126,371)
Land		9,185,874		9,185,874		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	39,418,032	\$	43,544,403	\$	(4,126,371)
LIABILITIES:						
Current Liabilities	\$	21,481,353	\$	8,648,081	\$	(12,833,272)
Long-term Liabilities		27,150,000		30,495,000		3,345,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	48,631,353	\$	39,143,081	\$	(9,488,272)
NET POSITION:						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	9,038,744	\$	7,352,289	\$	1,686,455
Restricted - Debt Service		3,899,270		3,311,712		587,558
Unrestricted		(22,151,335)		(6,262,679)		(15,888,656)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	(9,213,321)	\$	4,401,322	\$	(13,614,643)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

The following table provides a summary of the changes in the Statement of Activities for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2019, and June 30, 2018:

	Summary of Changes in the Statement of Activities					
	2019			2018		riance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:						
Tax Increment	\$	15,910,672	\$	15,907,739	\$	2,933
Capital Contribution		75,800		-		75,800
Interest and Others		393,596		245,057		148,539
Total revenues	\$	16,380,068	\$	16,152,796	\$	227,272
Expenses:						
Salaries and Benefits	\$	99,000	\$	96,000	\$	(3,000)
Professional Services	Ψ	184,147	Ψ	156,227	4	(27,920)
Contracted Services		12,117		11,117		(1,000)
Other		4.513		2,509		(2,004)
Administration Fee		3,052,206		3,052,006		(200)
Bond Interest		1,027,717		1,153,110		125,393
Debt Issuance Costs		-,,,,-,		5,000		5,000
Capital Improvements		25,615,011		10,395,443		(15,219,568)
Total expenses	\$	29,994,711	\$	14,871,412	\$	(15,123,299)
Changes in Net Position	\$	(13,614,643)	\$	1,281,384	\$	(14,896,027)
Beginning Net Position		4,401,322		3,119,938		1,281,384
Ending Net Position	\$	(9,213,321)	\$	4,401,322	\$	(13,614,643)

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE AUTHORITY'S GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The Authority has two governmental funds, which are the General Fund and the Debt Service Fund. As discussed, governmental funds are reported in the fund statements with a short-term, inflow and outflow of spendable resources focus. This information is useful in assessing resources available at the end of the year in comparison with upcoming financing requirements. Governmental funds reported ending fund balances totaling \$12,546,978, a decrease of \$18,562,511 from the prior year.

GOVERNMENTAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The Board of the Authority did not amend the budget during the current fiscal year. Actual excess revenues were \$41,313,544 less than budgeted excess revenues primarily due to the budgeted bond sale not occurring during the current fiscal year. See the budget to actual comparisons on page 28.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

CAPITAL ASSETS

In the current fiscal year, the Authority transferred \$25,615,011 to the City of Houston related to capital expenditures. These capital expenditures are related to public works improvements. In accordance with Section VIII of the Tri-Party Agreement between the City of Houston, Reinvestment Zone Number Seventeen, City of Houston, Texas and the Authority, it states: "all utilities, drainage facilities, public street improvements, sidewalks and light fixtures shall be conveyed to the City." Therefore, any current year expenditures related to such improvements are not recorded as assets of the Authority.

Additionally, the Authority is holding title to certain land associated with the detention basin and W-140 bridge improvements, Town and Country West Drainage and Mobility Improvements, and the public improvement extension of Town and Country Way from Town and Country Boulevard west toward Beltway 8. Upon completion of these projects, this land will be transferred to the City. These land costs amount to \$9,185,874 at June 30, 2019. There was no change in this amount from prior year.

LONG -TERM DEBT AND RELATED LIABILITIES

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Authority owes \$147,130 to T&C Way Partners, LLC for the contribution of land for public improvements in the project area. This amount is reimbursable from available tax increment in the project area.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Authority had total bond debt payable of \$30,495,000. This debt is secured with future tax increment contract revenue.

CONTACTING THE AUTHORITY'S MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Authority's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to Memorial City Redevelopment Authority, c/o Hawes Hill and Associates, LLP, Zone Administrator, P.O. Box 22167, Houston, TX 77227-2167.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2019

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total	Adjustments	Statement of Net Position
ASSETS					
Cash	\$ 3,830,870	\$	\$ 3,830,870	\$	\$ 3,830,870
Investments	11,266,572	18,052	11,284,624		11,284,624
Tax Increment Receivable	15,116,144		15,116,144		15,116,144
Other Receivables	520		520		520
Due From Other Funds		4,185,261	4,185,261	(4,185,261)	
Land				9,185,874	9,185,874
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 30,214,106	\$ 4,203,313	\$ 34,417,419	5,000,613	39,418,032
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable	\$ 2,615,972	\$	\$ 2,615,972	\$	\$ 2,615,972
Retainage Payable	387,546	Φ	387,546	Φ	387,546
Accrued Interest Payable	307,340		307,540	304,043	304,043
Due To Other Funds	4,185,261		4,185,261	(4,185,261)	301,013
Due to Other Governments	14,681,662		14,681,662	(1,100,201)	14,681,662
Due To Developer	, ,		, ,	147,130	147,130
Long-Term Liabilities:				.,	.,
Due Within One Year				3,345,000	3,345,000
Due After One Year				27,150,000	27,150,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	21,870,441		21,870,441	26,760,912	48,631,353
FUND BALANCES	Φ.	A 4 202 212	A 4 202 212	Φ (4.000.010)	
Restricted	\$	\$ 4,203,313	\$ 4,203,313	\$ (4,203,313)	
Unassigned	8,343,665	4 202 212	8,343,665	(8,343,665)	
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	8,343,665	4,203,313	12,546,978	(12,546,978)	
TOTAL LIABILITIES					
AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 30,214,106	\$ 4,203,313	\$ 34,417,419		
Net Position:					
Net Investment in Capital Asse	ts			\$ 9,038,744	\$ 9,038,744
Restricted - Debt Service				3,899,270	3,899,270
Unrestricted				(22,151,335)	(22,151,335)
Total Net Position				\$ (9,213,321)	\$ (9,213,321)

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

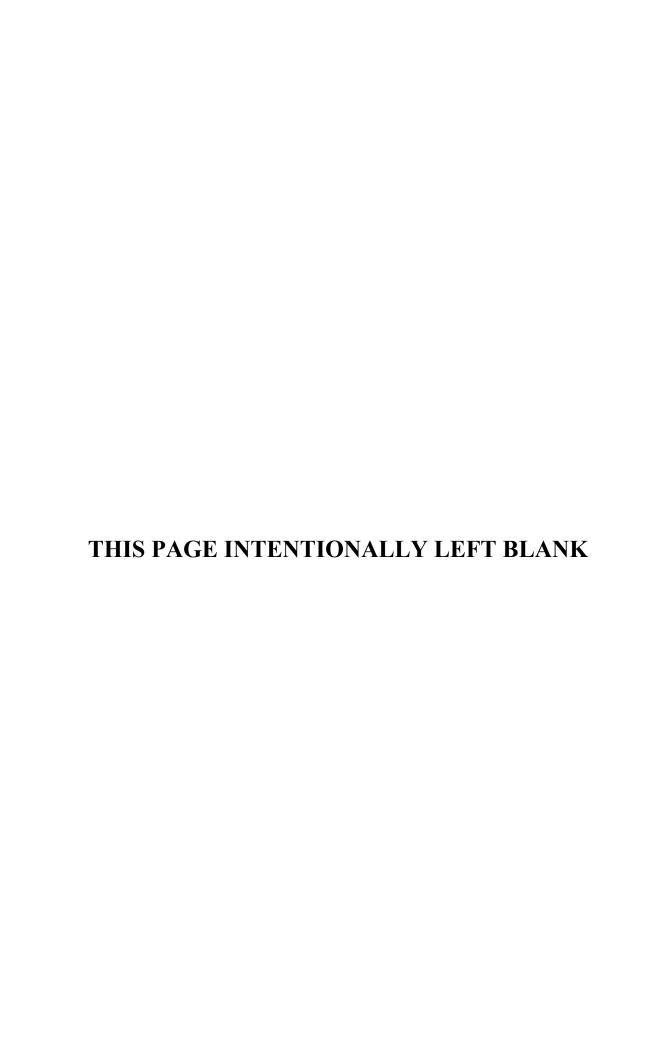
Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$ 12,546,978
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the <i>Statement of Net Position</i> are different because:	
Land used in governmental activities is not a financial resource and therefore is not reported as an asset in governmental funds.	9,185,874
Amounts due to a developer for the acquisition of land is recorded as a liability in the <i>Statement of Net Position</i> .	(147,130)
Some liabilities, are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the <i>Statement of Net Position</i> .	
Bonds payable	(30,495,000)
Accrued interest on bonds payable	(304,043)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ (9,213,321)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	General Fund		Debt Service Fund		Total	Adjustments		atement of Activities
REVENUES								
Tax Increment	\$ 11,728,0	11	\$ 4,182,661	1 \$	15,910,672	\$	\$	15,910,672
Capital Contribution	75,8		. , ,		75,800			75,800
Interest and Other	383,5	11	10,085	5	393,596			393,596
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 12,187,3	22	\$ 4,192,746	5 \$	16,380,068	\$	\$	16,380,068
EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES								
Service Operations								
Salaries and Benefits	\$ 99,0	00	\$	\$	99,000	\$	\$	99,000
Professional Services	184,1	47			184,147			184,147
Contracted Services	12,1	17			12,117			12,117
Insurance Cost	9	61			961			961
Other	3,5	52			3,552			3,552
Administration Fees	3,052,2	.06			3,052,206			3,052,206
Capital Improvement, Note 7	27,301,4	-66			27,301,466	(1,686,455)		25,615,011
Debt Service:								
Principal			3,220,000)	3,220,000	(3,220,000)		
Interest	84,5	46	984,584	1	1,069,130	(41,413)		1,027,717
TOTAL EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES	\$ 30,737,9	95	\$ 4,204,584	1 \$	34,942,579	\$ (4,947,868)	\$	29,994,711
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$ (18,550,6	73)	(11,838	3) \$	(18,562,511)	\$ 4,947,868	\$ ((13,614,643)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Internal Transfers	¢ (557.0	(92)	\$ 557,983	3 \$		\$	\$	
internal Transfers	\$ (557,9	(83)	337,963	<u> </u>		<u>\$</u>	D	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ (19,108,6	56)	\$ 546,145	5 \$	(18,562,511)	\$ 18,562,511		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION						(13,614,643)	((13,614,643)
FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION -								
JULY 1, 2018	27,452,3	21	3,657,168	3	31,109,489	(26,708,167)		4,401,322
FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION -								
JUNE 30, 2019	\$ 8,343,6	65	\$ 4,203,313	3 \$	12,546,978	\$ (21,760,299)	\$	(9,213,321)

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	(18,562,511)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the <i>Statement of Activities</i> are different because:		
Capital outlays for developer reimbursements are reported as expenditures in the funds, but reduce the liability due to developer in the <i>Statement of Net Position</i> .		1,686,455
Governmental funds report repayment of long-term debt principal as an expenditure. In contrast, the <i>Statement of Net Position</i> treats such repayments as a reduction in long-term liabilities.		3,220,000
Some expenses reported in the <i>Statement of Activities</i> do not require the use of current financial resources and these are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. The difference is for accrued interest.		41,413
	ф.	<u> </u>
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities	3	(13,614,643)



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1. CREATION OF CORPORATION

The City of Houston, Texas (the "City") authorized the creation of the Memorial City Redevelopment Authority (the "Authority") by the Resolution No. 2002-0026 passed on August 14, 2002. The Authority was created and organized as a local government corporation pursuant to provisions of Subchapter D of Chapter 431 of the Texas Transportation Code and Chapter 394 of the Texas Local Government Code. The Authority is organized as a public nonprofit corporation for the purpose of aiding, assisting, and acting on behalf of the City in the performance of its governmental function to promote the common good and general welfare of Reinvestment Zone Number Seventeen, City of Houston, Texas (the "Zone") and neighboring areas in the preparation and implementation of a project plan and a reinvestment zone financing plan for the Zone; in the development of a policy to finance development and redevelopment of properties in the Memorial City area; and in the development and implementation of a redevelopment policy for the Memorial City area, including the acquisition of land for redevelopment purposes; in the development and implementation of a policy for improving vehicular and pedestrian circulation in the Memorial City area including the acquisition of street rights-of-way. The Authority may issue bonds with consent of City Council. The Authority is managed by a Board of Directors consisting of up to seven members who are appointed by the Mayor with the approval of City Council. The Authority held its first meeting on November 22, 2002.

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying basic financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB").

The GASB has established the criteria for determining whether or not a given entity is a component unit. The criteria are: (1) is the potential component unit a legally separate entity, (2) does the primary government appoint a voting majority of the potential component unit's board, (3) is the primary government able to impose its will on the potential component unit, (4) is there a financial benefit or burden relationship. The Authority was created as an instrumentality of the City of Houston (the "City"). The Authority does meet the criteria for inclusion as a component unit of the City. Copies of the financial statements for the City may be obtained from the City Secretary's office.

Financial Statement Presentation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with GASB Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards Part II, Financial Reporting ("GASB Codification").

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

The GASB Codification sets forth standards for external financial reporting for all state and local government entities, which includes a requirement for a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities. It requires the classification of net position into three components: Net Investment in Capital Assets, Restricted, and Unrestricted. These classifications are defined as follows:

- Net Investment in Capital Assets This component of net position consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets.
- Restricted Net Position This component of net position consists of external constraints placed on the use of assets imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulation of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted Net Position This component of net position consist of assets that do not meet the definition of "Restricted" or "Net Investment in Capital Assets."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, generally it is the Authority's policy to use restricted resources first.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the Authority as a whole. The Authority's Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities are combined with the governmental fund financial statements. The Authority is viewed as a special purpose government and has the option of combining these financial statements.

The Statement of Net Position is reported by adjusting the general fund and debt service fund to report on the full accrual basis, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations.

The Statement of Activities is reported by adjusting the general fund and debt service fund to report only items related to current year revenues and expenditures. Items such as capital outlay are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Internal activities between governmental funds, if any, are eliminated by adjustment to obtain net total revenue and expense in the government-wide Statement of Activities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements

As discussed above, the Authority's fund financial statements are combined with the government-wide statements. The fund financial statements include a Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances.

Governmental Funds

The Authority has two major governmental funds – the General Fund and Debt Service Fund. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Authority and accounts for all resources of the Authority not accounted for in another fund. The principal source of revenue is tax increment collections and expenditures are primarily for operations. The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of interest and principal on the Authority's long-term debt.

Basis of Accounting

The Authority uses the modified accrual basis of accounting for governmental fund types. The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues when both "measurable and available." Measurable means the amount can be determined. Available means collectable within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The Authority considers revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collectable within sixty (60) days after year-end. Also, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, which are recognized as expenditures when payment is due. The Authority uses the full accrual basis of accounting for the government wide statements.

Measurement Focus

Measurement focus is a term used to describe which transactions are recognized within the various financial statements. In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, the governmental activities are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities associated with the activities are reported, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Fund equity is classified as net position.

Governmental fund types are accounted for on a spending or financial flow measurement focus. Accordingly, only current assets and current liabilities are included on the balance sheet, and the reported fund balances provide an indication of available spendable or appropriable resources.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fund Balances

The Authority's governmental fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable - amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The Authority does not have any nonspendable fund balances.

Restricted - amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally required. The Authority's restricted fund balances consist of tax increment receipts in the Debt Service Fund.

Committed - amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Board of Directors. The Board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the Authority. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances or resolutions approved by the Board. The Authority does not have any committed fund balances.

Assigned - amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. The Authority has not adopted a formal policy regarding the assignment of fund balances and does not have any assigned fund balances.

Unassigned - all other spendable amounts in the General Fund.

When expenditures are incurred for which restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the Authority considers amounts to have been spent first out of restricted funds, then committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

Cash

The Authority's cash consist of amounts in demand deposits.

Investments

Investments consist of amounts in the TexPool, TexSTAR, and a certificate of deposit.

Debt Service

Tax increment contract revenue is pledged for debt service on bond obligations.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Due to and from other funds

Interfund receivable and payables arise from interfund transactions and are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which transactions are executed. These receivables and payables are, for the most part, eliminated from the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position and are recorded as "due from other funds" and "due to other funds" in the fund financial statements.

Budgeting

In compliance with the Tri-Party Agreement (See Note 4), the Authority's board members adopted an unappropriated budget for the combined governmental funds of the Authority for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019. The budget was submitted and approved by the City. The Authority used this budget during the current year.

Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Authority's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of Texas statutes. Texas statutes require that any cash balance in any fund shall, to the extent not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or its successor, be continuously secured by a valid pledge to the Authority of securities eligible under the laws of Texas to secure the funds of the Authority, having an aggregate market value, including accrued interest, at all times equal to the uninsured cash balance in the fund to which such securities are pledged. As of June 30, 2019, none of the Authority's bank balances were exposed to custodial credit risk.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Deposits (continued)

The carrying values of the deposits are included in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position at June 30, 2019, as listed below:

Total Deposits - General Fund

Cash

\$ 3,830,870

Investments

Under Texas statute, the Authority is required to invest its funds under written investment policies that primarily emphasize safety of principal and liquidity and that address investment diversification, yield, maturity, and the quality and capability of investment management, and all Authority funds must be invested in accordance with the following investment objectives: understanding the suitability of the investment to the Authority's financial requirements, first; preservation and safety of principal, second; liquidity, third; marketability of the investments if the need arises to liquidate the investment before maturity, fourth; diversification of the investment portfolio, fifth; and yield, sixth. Authority's investments must be made "with judgment and care, under prevailing circumstances, that a person of prudence, discretion, and intelligence would exercise in the management of the person's own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the probable safety of capital and the probable income to be derived." No person may invest Authority funds without express written authority from the Board of Directors.

The Authority is authorized by the Public Funds Investment Act (Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code) to invest in the following: (1) obligations, including letters of credit, of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities, including Federal Home Loan Banks, (2) direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies and instrumentalities, (3) certain collateralized mortgage obligations, (4) other obligations, which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the State of Texas or the United States or its agencies or instrumentalities, including obligations that are fully guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or by the explicit full faith and credit of the United States, (5) certain A rated or higher obligations of states and political subdivisions of any state, (6) bonds issued, assumed or guaranteed by the State of Israel, (7) certain insured or collateralized certificates of deposit and share certificates, (8) certain fully collateralized repurchase agreements, (9) bankers' acceptances with limitations, (10) commercial paper rated A-1 or P-1 or higher and a maturity of 270 days or less, (11) no-load money market mutual funds and no-load mutual funds, with limitations, (12) certain guaranteed investment contracts, (13) certain qualified governmental investment pools and (14) a qualified securities lending program.

The Authority's adopted investment policy allows it to invest in any of the above listed investments, except items 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 and 14.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments (continued)

For fiscal year 2019, the Authority invested in the Texas Local Government Investment Pool ("TexPool"), the Texas Short Term Asset Reserve Program ("TexSTAR") and certificates of deposit.

TexPool has been organized in conformity with the Interlocal Cooperation Act and is overseen by the Comptroller of Public Accounts (the "Comptroller"). The Comptroller is the sole officer, director and shareholder of the Texas Treasury Safekeeping Trust Company (the "Trust Company"), which is authorized to operate TexPool. Pursuant to the TexPool Participation Agreement, administrative and investment services to TexPool are provided by Federated Investors, Inc. ("Federated"), under an agreement with the Comptroller, acting on behalf of the Trust Company. The Comptroller maintains oversight of the services provided to TexPool by Federated. State Street Bank serves as custodian to TexPool. The primary objectives of TexPool are preservation and safety of principal, liquidity and yield. TexPool will only invest in investments that authorized under both the Public Funds Investment Act and the TexPool Investment Policy.

As permitted by GAAP, TexPool uses amortized cost (which excludes unrealized gains and losses) rather than market value to compute share price and seeks to maintain a constant dollar value per share. Accordingly, the fair value of the Authority's position in TexPool is the same as the value of TexPool shares. Investments in TexPool may be withdrawn on a same day basis, as long as the transaction is executed by 3:30 p.m.

TexSTAR has been organized in conformity with the Interlocal Cooperation Act and is administered by J.P. Morgan Investment Management, Inc. ("JPMIM") and First Southwest Asset Management, Inc. ("FSAM"). JPMIM provides investment services, and FSAM provides participant services and marketing. Custodial, transfer agency, fund accounting, and depository services are provided by JPMorgan Chase Bank and/or its subsidiary J.P. Morgan Investor Services Co. The primary objectives of TexSTAR are, in order of priority, preservation and protection of principal, maintenance of sufficient liquidity to meet Participant's needs, diversification to avoid unreasonable or avoidable risks, and yield. TexSTAR will only invest in investments that are authorized under both the Public Funds Investment Act and the current TexSTAR Investment Policy.

The Authority's investment in TexSTAR is reported at fair value because TexSTAR uses fair value to report investments. The Authority has implemented GASB Statement No. 72, "Fair Value Measurement and Application." This statement establishes a hierarchy of inputs used to measure fair value as follows: Level 1 inputs are based on quoted prices in active markets, Level 2 inputs are based on significant other observable inputs, and Level 3 inputs are based on significant unobservable inputs. The Authority's investment in TexSTAR is measured using published fair value per share (level 1 inputs).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

<u>Investments</u> (continued)

Investments in TexSTAR may be withdrawn via wire transfer on a same day basis, as long as the transaction is executed by 4 p.m. ACH withdrawals made by 4 p.m. will settle on the next business day.

As of June 30, 2019, the Authority had the following investments and maturities:

			ties in Years		
Туре	Fair Value	Less Than 1	1-5	6-10	More Than 10
TexPool TexSTAR Certificate of Deposit	\$ 1,907,388 9,127,236 250,000	\$ 1,907,388 9,127,236 250,000	\$	\$	\$
Total	\$ 11,284,624	\$ 11,284,624	\$	\$	\$

Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. At June 30, 2019, the Authority's investments in both TexPool and TexSTAR were rated 'AAAm' by Standard & Poor's. The 'AAAm' rating indicates an extremely strong capacity to maintain principal stability and to limit exposure to principal losses due to credit, market, and/or liquidity risks. 'AAAm' is the highest principal stability rating assigned by Standard & Poor's.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Authority considers the investments in TexPool and TexSTAR to have maturities of less than one year due to the fact the share position can usually be redeemed each day at the discretion of the Authority, unless there has been a significant change in value.

Restrictions

All cash and investments of the Debt Service Fund are restricted for the payment of debt service and the cost of assessing and collecting taxes.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 4. TRI-PARTY AGREEMENT

On November 22, 2002, the Authority and on December 11, 2002, the City of Houston, Texas in accordance with Ordinance No. 2002-1145 executed a Tri-Party Agreement between the City of Houston, Texas, the Zone and the Authority. The Tri-Party Agreement states in detail the scope of services to be provided to the Zone by the Authority. The services include management and administrative service for the Zone, as requested by the Zone Board, services with respect to the Project Plan and Reinvestment Zone Financing Plan (the "Plan"), including enlarging the zone and amendments to the project plan and financing plan, and services with respect to the special tax rolls pertaining to the Zone, including analysis and coordination with taxing units. The Authority is also required to assist the Zone Board in establishing a program to increase the level of safety within the Zone, preparing development plans, establishing a marketing and public relations program, planning and design and construction of infrastructure improvements and land acquisition in the Memorial City area.

The Tri-Party Agreement also provides for the Authority to issue bonds and notes, enter into obligations with developers or builders, and enter into contracts with consultants, to be repaid from Contract Tax Increments. All bonds must be approved by City Council of the City of Houston and the Director of the Finance Department of the City of Houston must approve all development agreements. This Agreement shall end upon termination of the Zone.

Pursuant to the Agreement, the City and the Zone have agreed to pay the Authority not later than the first business day of each July in which a current approved budget is in effect for the Authority, all monies available in the Tax Increment Fund, less (a) certain tax increments constituting educational facilities project costs to be paid to the Spring Branch Independent School District (if any), and (b) a reserve of up to five percent of the monies then available in the Tax Increment Fund for administrative costs of the City. Currently, no monies are owed or are being paid to the Spring Branch Independent School District. Notwithstanding the above, in the event the Authority's budget is not approved by the thirtieth (30th) day before the date of a principal and interest payment on the Authority's bonds or notes, the City shall pay from available funds sufficient monies to the Authority to allow for meeting the Authority's debt service obligations.

The Tri-Party Agreement allows the City to recover the costs of municipal services pursuant to the Agreement among the City, the Authority, and the TIRZ.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 5. TAX INCREMENTS

The City of Houston, Texas has agreed to deposit their tax increments into the Tax Increment Fund established by the Zone (See Note 6).

The amount of a Participant's tax increment for a year is the amount of property taxes levied and collected by the Participant for that year on the Captured Appraised Value of real property taxable by the Participant and located in the Zone. The Captured Appraised Value of real property taxable by a Participant for a year is the total appraised value of all real property taxable by the Participant and located in the Zone for that year less the Tax Increment Base, which is the total appraised value of all real property taxable by the Participant and located in the Zone on January 1 of the year in which the Zone was designated as such under the Tax Increment Financing Act (the "TIF Act"). In the event property is annexed into the Zone by ordinance of the City, the Tax Increment Base for annexed property is the value of all real property taxable by a Participant and located in the annexed area on January 1 of the year of annexation. No Participant is required to deposit tax increments derived from property annexed into the Zone unless the Participant has agreed to do so.

Each Participant is required to collect taxes on property located within the Zone in the same manner as other taxes are collected. The Participant is required to pay into the tax increment fund the collected tax increments by no later than the 90th day after the delinquency date for the Participant's property taxes.

NOTE 6. CITY OF HOUSTON TAX INCREMENTS

Pursuant to City Ordinance No. 1999-759, the City and the Zone have established the Tax Increment Fund, a separate fund in the City Treasury into which tax increments have and will be deposited.

Subsequent to year end, on July 9, 2019, tax increments relating to fiscal year 2019 of \$15,911,731 were collected by the trustee from the City of Houston. The City of Houston withheld \$795,587 to cover administrative costs. As a result, \$15,116,144 is recorded as Tax Increment Receivable as of June 30, 2019.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 7. TRANSFER TO THE CITY OF HOUSTON

During the current fiscal year, the Authority recorded capital improvements of \$25,615,011 for capital assets transferred to the City. This transfer is related to capital improvements made by the Authority to City facilities. The Authority finances these facilities for the benefit of the City. Any capital assets the Authority purchases related to public improvements and facilities have been conveyed to the City of Houston. See pages 30 and 31 for information on current year capital improvement expenditures. The Authority is holding title to certain land associated with the detention basin and W-140 bridge improvements and Town and Country West Drainage and Mobility Improvements. The public improvement extension of Town and Country Way from Town and Country Boulevard west toward Beltway 8 was transferred to the City during the current year. Upon completion of these projects, this land will be transferred to the City. These land costs amount to \$9,185,874 at June 30, 2019.

NOTE 8. DUE TO DEVELOPER

The Authority has entered into a development agreement with T&C Way Partners, LLC ("Developer") for the financing of the land for public improvements. Under the agreement, the developer will advance funds for the acquisition of land for public improvements in the project area. The developer will be reimbursed from available tax increment in the project area.

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the following changes occurred in amounts due to developer.

Due to developer, beginning of year	\$	1,833,585
Developer reimbursements	(1,686,455)
Due to developer, end of year	\$	147,130

NOTE 9. LONG-TERM DEBT

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the following changes occurred in long-term liabilities:

Ba	lance July 1, 2018	Additions]	Reductions	Bala	ance June 30, 2019		nounts Due Vithin One Year
\$	33,715,000	\$	\$	(3,220,000)	\$	30,495,000	\$	3,345,000
\$	33,715,000	\$	\$	(3,220,000)	\$	30,495,000	\$	3,345,000
	\$ \$	\$ 33,715,000	2018 Additions \$ 33,715,000 \$	2018 Additions I \$ 33,715,000 \$	2018 Additions Reductions \$ 33,715,000 \$ \$ (3,220,000)	2018 Additions Reductions \$ 33,715,000 \$ \$ (3,220,000) \$	2018 Additions Reductions 2019 \$ 33,715,000 \$ (3,220,000) \$ 30,495,000	Balance July 1, 2018 Additions Reductions Balance June 30, 2019 We are presented as a superior of the present and the present as a superior of the present as

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 9. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

The terms of the current debt obligations are as follows:

	Original		Interest Rate	Debt
Series	Issue	Matures	(%)	Outstanding
Governmental Activities:				
Tax Increment Contract Bonds				
Tax Increment Contract Bonds, Series 2008	\$ 10,000,000	9/1/19	4.45%	\$ 535,000
Refunding Tax Increment Contract Bonds, Series 2011	9,400,000	9/1/26	3.68%	5,865,000
Tax Increment Contract Bonds, Series 2011A	30,600,000	9/1/21	3.85%	6,375,000
Refunding Tax Increment Contract Bonds, Series 2016	17,955,000	9/1/27	2.41%	17,720,000
Total General Obligation Bonds				\$ 30,495,000

The annual requirements to amortize governmental activity tax increment contract revenue bonds at June 30, 2019 are as follows:

Tax Increment Contract Revenue Bonds

Governmental Activities						
Fiscal Year		Principal		Interest		Total
2020	\$	3,345,000	\$	847,545	\$	4,192,545
2021		3,470,000		721,625		4,191,625
2022		3,590,000		596,772		4,186,772
2023		3,695,000	95,000 484,158		4,179,158	
2024		3,795,000		384,601		4,179,601
2025		3,895,000	282,315 4,		4,177,315	
2026		4,000,000		177,211		4,177,211
2027		4,100,000		69,256		4,169,256
2028		605,000		7,290		612,290
	\$	30,495,000	\$	3,570,771	\$	34,065,771

See pages 35 through 39 for debt service schedules on each bond series outstanding as of June 30, 2019.

NOTE 10. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

At year end, interfund receivables and payables were as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amounts	Purpose
Debt Service Fund	General Fund	\$ 4,185,261	Debt Service tax increment revenue
			owed by General Fund

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 10. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS (continued)

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, an operating transfer is summarized as follows:

Transfers Out	Transfers Out Transfers In		Purpose	
General Fund	Debt Service Fund	\$ 557,983	Debt service expenditures	_

NOTE 11. ADVANCED FUNDING AGREEMENTS WITH THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

On August 15, 2017, the Authority entered into an Advanced Funding Agreement (the "Agreement") with the State of Texas through Texas Department of Transportation ("State") for funding the reconstruction of Gessner Road from Long Point to Interstate Highway 10, including drainage improvements and sidewalk construction. The Authority approved entering into this Agreement by resolution dated January 23, 2017 and will be effective until the project is completed or otherwise terminated.

The Authority made an initial payment of \$14,000 to the State during the prior year. At least sixty (60) days prior to the date set for receipt of the construction bids, the Authority was obligated to remit its remaining financial share for their estimated construction costs. The Authority is responsible for 100% of the costs after the federal funding reaches the maximum obligated amount. During the current year, the project was accepted, and the Authority remitted \$12,425,043 to the State, which included the Authority's remaining share of \$5,218,545 in addition to \$7,206,498, the excess of federal funding.

After the project is completed, the State will perform an audit of the costs to determine any liability or amounts due back. Any amounts due back will be applied to other advanced funding agreements between the parties. The State is responsible for the performance of architectural and engineering services and advertise for bids, award and administer the contract for construction of the project. The Authority is responsible for the adjustment, removal or relocation of utility facilities before the scheduled beginning of construction. The Authority will also be responsible for the maintenance of locally owned roads after completion. As of June 30, 2019, construction of the project has not yet begun but the project has been bid on and accepted.

The Authority also entered into an advanced funding agreement with the State for funding the reconstruction of the roadway including drainage, access management and bicycle/pedestrian accommodations on Memorial Drive from Beltway 8 to Tallowood Road. The Authority approved entering into this agreement by resolution dated December 5, 2017 and will be effective until the project is completed or otherwise terminated.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 11. ADVANCED FUNDING AGREEMENTS WITH THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION (continued)

The Authority is responsible to make an initial payment of \$16,000 to the State and another \$160,000 before construction begins. At least sixty (60) days prior to the date set for receipt of the construction bids, the Authority shall remit its remaining financial share for their estimated construction costs, in the amount of \$3,250,400. The Authority will be responsible for 100% of the costs after the federal funding reaches the maximum obligated amount. As with the other previously entered Advanced Funding Agreement, the State and Authority will be assigned the same duties. As of June 30, 2019, construction of the project has not yet begun.

NOTE 12. INTERLOCAL AGREEMENT WITH THE CITY OF BUNKER HILL VILLAGE

On March 27, 2018, the Authority approved an Interlocal Agreement with City of Bunker Hill Village ("City"), for a term of 60 months or until completion, for the reconstruction of signalization, paving, sidewalks, landscaping and sub-surface utilities, along Memorial Drive ("Project"). The City has been designated as the project sponsor, who will submit grant applications, enter agreements, contracting with engineers, and other related duties to leading the construction of the project. The Houston-Galveston Area Council funding grant application of the project will reflect an approximate ratio of 76% federal funding and 24% local funding. The parties will share the 20% local match commitment for the Project based upon each entities proportion share of the final engineering costs estimates prepared for the grant application. The current estimates reflect \$12,677,344 (64.02%) of the Authority portion of the project and \$7,123,286 for the City portion of the Project for a total of \$19,800,630. The parties in the agreement also agree to a program management firm to provide support for duties associated with project sponsors, with the Authority expected to pay \$138,500 for that management support. As of year-end, the Authority is still in the early phases of the project.

NOTE 13. RISK MANAGEMENT

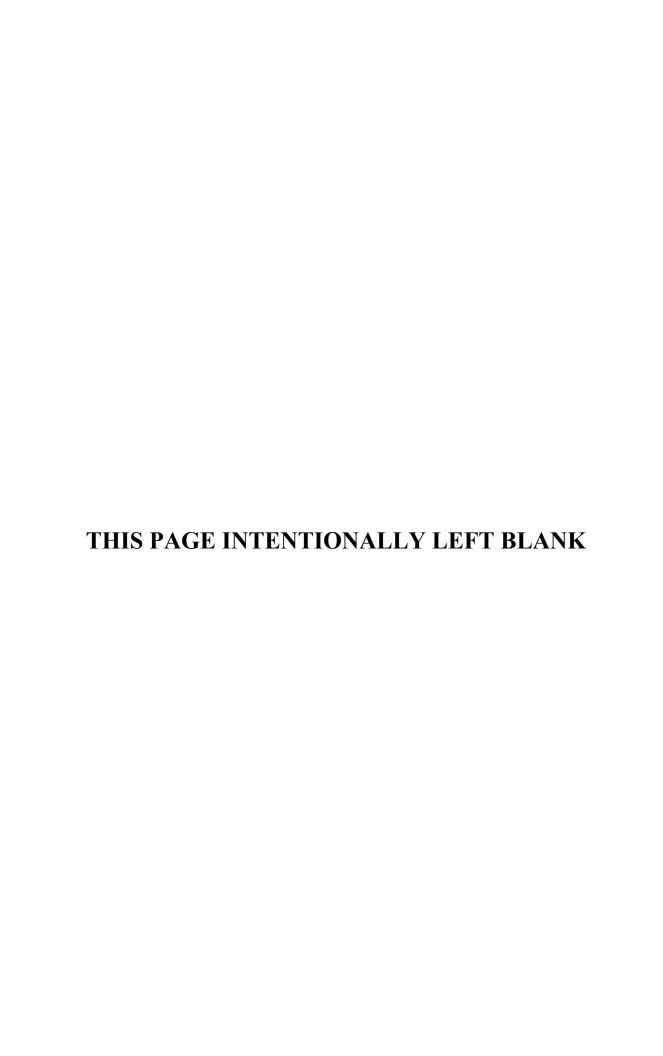
The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts: theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the Authority participates along with 2,800 other entities in the Texas Municipal League's Intergovernmental Risk Pool. The Pool purchases commercial insurance at group rates for participants in the Pool. The Authority has not significantly reduced insurance coverage or had settlements that exceeded coverage amounts for the past three years.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

JUNE 30, 2019

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Original and Final Budget		 Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES					
Tax Increment	\$	18,940,967	\$ 15,910,672	\$	(3,030,295)
Capital Contribution			75,800		75,800
Interest and Other		36,969	393,596		356,627
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	18,977,936	\$ 16,380,068	\$	(2,597,868)
EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES					
Maintenance and Operations	\$	279,400	\$ 299,777	\$	(20,377)
Capital Outlay		19,487,666	27,301,466		(7,813,800)
Municipal Services		1,766,619	2,256,619		(490,000)
Administration Fees		947,048	795,587		151,461
Debt Service:					
Principal		3,220,000	3,220,000		
Interest		1,526,170	1,069,130		457,040
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	27,226,903	\$ 34,942,579	\$	(7,715,676)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$	(8,248,967)	\$ (18,562,511)	\$	(10,313,544)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Proceeds from the Sale of Contract Revenue Bonds	\$	31,000,000	\$ <u> </u>	\$	(31,000,000)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	22,751,033	\$ (18,562,511)	\$	(41,313,544)
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 2018		31,109,489	 31,109,489		_
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2019	\$	53,860,522	\$ 12,546,978	\$	(41,313,544)



SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

REQUIRED BY CITY OF HOUSTON

JUNE 30, 2019

OPERATING EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Category	Vendor	Budget		Actual Budget Expenditures		Variance Positive (Negative)	
ADMINISTRATION AND OVERI	HEAD	:					
Management Consultant	Hawes Hill & Associates LLP	\$	102,000	\$	99,000	\$	3,000
Administrative Operating							
Property Account Consultant	Equi-tax, Inc.		4,400		4,000		400
Accounting/Audit							
Accounting	ETI Accounting Services		11,500		12,117		(617)
	McGrath & Co. PLLC &		20,500		10,250		10,250
Auditor	McCall Gibson Swedlund Barfoot PLLC		5,000		13,250		(8,250)
Insurance	Texas Municipal League		1,000		961		39
Other					3,552		(3,552)
Subtotal			144,400		143,130		1,270
PROGRAM AND PROJECT CON	SULTANTS						
Legal-General Counsel	Allen Boone Humphries Robinson, LLP		75,000		22,897		52,103
Legal-Litigation Counsel	Blank Rome LLP				2,595		(2,595)
Engineering Consultants	The Goodman Corporation		60,000		7,575		52,425
	Lockwood, Andrews & Newman				28,000		(28,000)
	Gauge Engineering				95,580		(95,580)
Subtotal			135,000		156,647		(21,647)
TOTAL MANAGEMENT CONSU	LTING SERVICES		279,400		299,777		(20,377)
City Administration Fees	City of Houston		947,048		795,587		151,461
Municipal Services Fess	City of Houston		1,766,619		2,256,619		(490,000)
DEBT SERVICE							
Principal		3	3,220,000		3,220,000		
Interest			1,526,170		1,069,130		457,040
Subtotal		2	4,746,170		4,289,130		457,040
Total Operating Expenditures		\$ 1	7,739,237	\$	7,641,113	\$	98,124

CAPITAL EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Project	Vendor	Budget	Actual Expenditures	Variance Positive (Negative)
	to Lumpkin from I-10 to Westview			
Other	Sal Esparza, Inc.	\$ -	\$ 4,773	\$ (4,773)
Project T_1717 and T_1721. To	own and Country West Drainage and Mobil	lity Improvements	2	
Engineering/Design Services	Lockwood, Andrews & Newman	4,549,566	241,399	1,719,301
Other	Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP	1,5 15,500	7,486	1,715,501
Construction	SER Construction		2,526,137	
Construction	SWA Group		55,243	
	5 WIT Gloup		33,213	
Project T-1722: Town and Cou	intry Blvd at Queensbury Signalization			
Other	Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP		131	(131)
Project T-1725: Park and Gree				
Other	SWA Group	125,000	26,530	98,470
Project T-1731A · Detention Re	sin & W-140 Bridge Improvements			
Other	Sal Esparza, Inc.		13,108	(13,108)
one	Sur Espurzu, IIIe.		15,100	(13,100)
Project T-1732A: N. Gessner D	Prainage and Mobility Improvement - Phase	e 1		
Engineering/Design Services	Klotz Associates, Inc.	217,100	53,020	(13,243,050)
	Gauge Engineering		712,076	
	The Goodman Corporation		50,360	
Other	SWA Group		119,197	
	Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP		4,786	
	CenterPoint		95,668	
Construction	Texas Department of Transportation		12,425,043	
Project T-1734: W140 Channel	•			
Other	Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP	6,315,000	3,418	(1,816,399)
	SWA Group		15,067	
Engineering/Design Services	Klotz Associates, Inc.		59,833	
	Gauge Engineering		302,160	
Construction	Reytec Construction Resources, Inc		7,750,921	
Project T-1735: Detention Basi		(000 000	1.050	5.500.010
Other	Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP	6,000,000	1,050	5,790,210
Engineering/Design Services	Gauge Engineering		208,740	

CAPITAL EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Project	Vendor Budget		Actual Expenditures		Variance Positive Vegative)	
Project T-1738: Extension of To	wn and Country Way					
Developer Reimbursement	T&C Way Partners	\$	1,771,000	\$	1,686,455	\$ 84,545
Project T-1738A: Memorial Dri Improvement - Phase 1	ve - Drainage and Mobility					
Engineering/Design Services	Lockwood, Andrews & Newman The Goodman Corporation		400,000		666,768 121,408	(538,865)
Other	Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP SWA Group				394 150,295	
Project T-1738B: Memorial Drive - Drainage and Mobility Improvement - Phase 2			50,000			50,000
Project T-1799: Concrete Panel Replace Program at Town & Country Blvd.			60,000			60,000
Total Capital Expenditures			19,487,666	\$	27,301,466	\$ (7,813,800)

MEMORIAL CITY REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY PROJECT PLAN RECONCILIATION AS OF THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Project Plan Estimated Amount	Cumulative Expenditures as of the Fiscal Year Ended 2019		Variance Positive (Negative)		
Capital Projects:						
Roadway and Sidewalk Improvements	\$ 55,829,681	\$ 39,584,838	\$	16,244,843		
Public Utility Improvements	128,456,453	67,694,077		60,762,376		
Park and Recreational Facilities	11,989,119	372,815		11,616,304		
Total Capital Projects Costs	\$ 196,275,253	\$ 107,651,730	\$	88,623,523		
Financing Costs	37,914,817	37,658,927		255,890		
Creation and Administration Costs	5,952,851	5,503,939		448,912		
Total Project Plan	\$ 240,142,921	\$ 150,814,596	\$	89,328,325		

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

JUNE 30, 2019

LONG-TERM DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS, BY YEARS AS OF THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

TAX INCREMENT CONTRACT REVENUE BONDS SERIES - 2008

Due During Fiscal			Inte	erest Due	
Years Ending June 30	Principal Due September 1		September 1/ March 1		Total
2020	\$	535,000	\$	11,904	\$ 546,904

LONG-TERM DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS, BY YEARS AS OF THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

REFUNDING TAX INCREMENT CONTRACT REVENUE BONDS SERIES - 2011

Due During Fiscal Years Ending June 30	5		September 1/		Total		
2020	\$	645,000	\$	203,964	\$	848,964	
2021		665,000		179,860		844,860	
2022		690,000		154,928		844,928	
2023		720,000		128,984		848,984	
2024		745,000		102,028		847,028	
2025		770,000		74,151		844,151	
2026		800,000		45,263		845,263	
2027		830,000		15,272		845,272	
TOTAL	\$	5,865,000	\$	904,450	\$	6,769,450	

LONG-TERM DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS, BY YEARS AS OF THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

TAX INCREMENT CONTRACT REVENUE BONDS SERIES - 2011A

Due During Fiscal Years Ending June 30	Principal Due September 1	Interest Due September 1/ March 1	Total		
2020	\$ 2,045,000	\$ 206,071	\$	2,251,071	
2021	2,125,000	125,799		2,250,799	
2022	2,205,000	42,446		2,247,446	
TOTAL	\$ 6,375,000	\$ 374,316	\$	6,749,316	

LONG-TERM DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS, BY YEARS AS OF THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

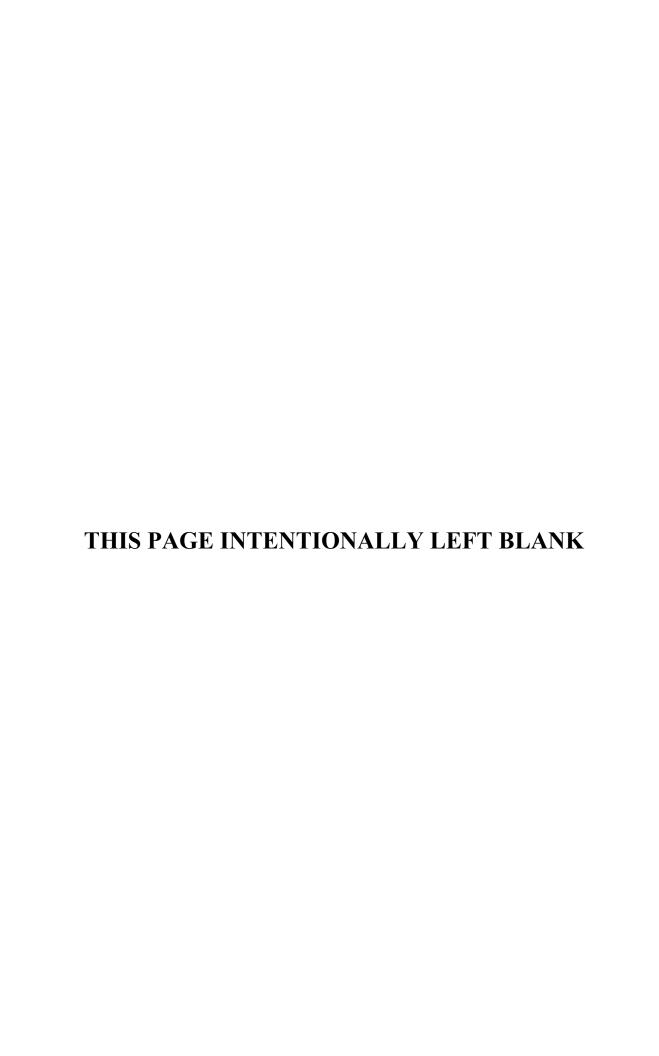
TAX INCREMENT CONTRACT REVENUE BONDS SERIES - 2016 Refunding

Due During Fiscal Years Ending June 30	Principal Due September 1	Interest Due September 1/ March 1	Total
2020	\$ 120,000	\$ 425,606	\$ 545,606
2021	680,000	415,966	1,095,966
2022	695,000	399,397	1,094,397
2023	2,975,000	355,174	3,330,174
2024	3,050,000	282,573	3,332,573
2025	3,125,000	208,164	3,333,164
2026	3,200,000	131,948	3,331,948
2027	3,270,000	53,984	3,323,984
2028	605,000	7,290	 612,290
TOTAL	\$ 17,720,000	\$ 2,280,101	\$ 20,000,101

LONG-TERM DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS, BY YEARS AS OF THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

ANNUAL REQUIREMENTS FOR ALL SERIES

Due During Fiscal Years Ending June 30	Tota	al Principal Due	Total	Interest Due		tal Principal nd Interest Due
2020	\$	3,345,000	\$	847,545	_	\$ 4,192,545
2021		3,470,000		721,625		4,191,625
2022		3,590,000		596,772		4,186,772
2023		3,695,000		484,158		4,179,158
2024		3,795,000		384,601		4,179,601
2025		3,895,000		282,315		4,177,315
2026		4,000,000		177,211		4,177,211
2027		4,100,000		69,256		4,169,256
2028		605,000		7,290		612,290
TOTAL	\$	30,495,000	\$	3,570,771		\$ 34,065,771



BOARD MEMBERS AND CONSULTANTS JUNE 30, 2019

uthority Mailing Address - Memorial City Redevelopment Authority

P.O. Box 22167

Houston, TX 77227-2167

Authority Telephone Number - 713-595-1200

Board Members	Position
Marshall B. Heins - Director	1
John Rickel - Director	2
David P. Durham - Director	3
Ann Thomas Givens – Chair	4
Dr. Zachary R. Hodges - Director	5
Brad Freels – Vice-Chair	6
Glenn E. Airola – Secretary	7